

POCKET ULTRASOUND



SONOMED DOPPLER

Blood Flow Detector

Type MD4 and MD4-CW8

BASIC UDI-DI 590487343900M528

USER MANUAL Ed. 8, Warsaw 2024



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Application

The pocket size Doppler blood flow detector is a simple device enabling a wide range of easy and reliable diagnosis of blood flow in the vessels.

The Doppler probe is positioned over the examined vessel. The pencil type probe should be between 45 and 60 degree to the skin surface.

The Doppler signal detected in normal arteries generally contains easily differentiated flow phases; first louder, with higher frequency (higher pitch) and next, with lower intensity and frequency (lower pitch). First sound is like a strong whistle of wind, remaining two are like more silent noise. In a little narrower arteries second phase disappear. In extremely narrow arteries (more than 50 %) there is heard only first phase suited to systole. One-phase signal has usually high frequency and sounds like hiss. Under narrowing, sound has complex character. It's contained from high frequency suited to acceleration of flow with put, loud, booming tone which is connected with disturbing flow from narrowing.

The Doppler signal from the stenosed vessels has higher frequency in the first, systolic phase. The successive phases are considerably faded down or they disappear completely.

The Doppler diagnosis helps to investigate blood flow, localize the stenosis and occlusions. The unit is applicable, helpful and it can successfully replace the stethoscope for measurements of blood pressure in patient with difficult to hear Korotkoff sounds. This application is especially important in detecting of peak systolic pressure (measured with cuffs and sphygmomanometer). The most common application is ABI (ankle brachial index) calculation.

Operation

- Please

- Please read manual

Sonomed Doppler is easy and handy to use. The unit design was though to simplify its use reducing to minimum controls - volume up/down and on/off switches.

The front of the probe or patients skin should be covered with Ultrasound Gel in the way assuring good acoustic coupling. It's better to use more than less Ultrasound Gel. The automatic noise control reduces initial noise and strong signals from probe movements. Despite of this during putting Ultrasound Gel at the probe it isn't advisable work with maximal volume. It is recommended to avoid use of an excessive force pressing probe on patient's body during examination by probe's head as it could cause a pain. Sometimes Ultrasound Gel can also breed skin's allergy.

For shipment and transportation probe could be disconnected from main unit. Push-pull probe connectors are marked (isolation class B) and situated on side of the main unit. A pair of connectors is symmetrical, generally do not care to the connecting order (with flat transducer, due the geometry, and only in difficulties it is worth to check both positions). The self-latching mechanism of connectors protects of pulling out by the cable. **To disconnect always pull the metal part of the connector!**

The basic version operates at ultrasonic frequency 5MHz that is the most common to cover wide range of applications. 8MHz model is also offered. The pencil type transducers are offered as standard, other shapes like flat one with "pre-set" Doppler angle are available.

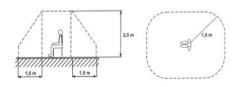
To turn on the device – press button **ON**, to turn off - press **OFF.** To increase the volume - press Δ to decrease ∇ .

The continuous green LED light indicates that the unit is turned on. The pulsating green light shows that the batteries should be recharged. When the unit is not used for a few minutes or batteries are low, it will be turned off automatical.

To charge plug the chargers mini-jack to the main unit and connect to the mains using dedicated charger to socket marked: . The red LED near connector should shine. While charging the use of the device is excluded. If battery is completely discharged turning on in correct way won't be possible. It's forbidden to continue work with pressing button ON. First of all battery should be charge. The full battery charging time is 15 hours. Please charge every 3 months when you don't use device.

During charging the red light near headphone socket becomes weaker and disappears.

Charging must be performed outside the patient area. A sample of such area is shown on the drawing.



The integrated speaker allows listen to the signal of blood flow but the device also allows

the doctor to listen privately - plugging in the headphones 2 automatically turns off the speaker. To connect the headphones there is the same mini-jack socket as for the charger.

Maintenance

Sonomed Doppler should be operated within the range of environment temperature from 10°C to 45°C by relative humidity not exceeding 85% and atmospheric pressure 70-106 kPa. Do not expose it neither to extreme heat nor to extreme cold.

Special care is necessary for the probe. Mechanical shock is to be avoided, and special precautions are needed with the ultrasonic probe since it can get damaged when hit by a

hard surface. The probe can be cleaned by means of a soft tissue, dampened with water or weak alcohol. Do not scratch. Do not use organic solvents. Only mild cleaning and disinfecting liquids are recommended (with water or alcohol). Probe should be cleaned immediately after use. Before examination working part of the probe should be disinfected by certificated liquid preparation according to producer's instruction (don't soak cables and connectors).

In case of risk that probe may contact with hurt skin it's advice to use a sterile cover on the probe.



- According to WEEE2 - don't throw it away, send back to distributor or give back to



SN

recycle center

- Production date and serial nb you can find near this symbol



Manufaturer – Sonomed LTD Poland

Advices

- ✓ When SONOMED DOPLER couldn't be turned on it's helpful to charge the battery.
- ✓ When there isn't any noise from speaker it must be checked if the headphones are not plugged.
- ✓ When it's difficult to obtain a Doppler signal it's important to check if correct probe is used and Ultrasound Gel applied in satisfying quantity.

Repairs to the device

In case of damage or of any queries whatsoever, concerning the correct operation of the device, please contact service. There are no user serviceable parts inside unit. Do not open it. The service check of the device should be performed in third, fifth and seventh year since purchase. The intended lifetime of the instrument is 10 years.

Attention

When charger is wet, poured a liquid over or with broken housing plugging to the mains is forbidden. The proper operation of the charger is confirmed by shining diode. Battery can by charge only by charger which is delivered by the Manufacturer. While device charging it's use is forbidden. The device has limited immunity to electromagnetic disturbance. Avoid operation near of their sources (for example mobile phones) recommended protecting distances are mentioned in the tables.

EMC-information

The Sonomed DOPPLER meets the requirements of the EMC-standard IEC 60601-1-2 for Medical electrical equipment. Medical electrical equipment needs special precautions regarding EMC and need to be installed and put into service according to the EMC information provided here.

Fixed RF transmitters, portable and mobile RF communications equipment can affect to Sonomed DOPPLER and the tables 3 and 4 are guiding to prevent from interferences.

The device is suitable for use in all establishments, including domestic establishment and those directly connected to the public low-voltage power supply network that supplies buildings used for domestic purposes

Table: Emission

Guidance and manufacturer's declaration – electromagnetic emissions						
The SONOMED DOPPLER is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer or the user of the type						
device should assure that it is used in such an environment.						
Emission test	Compliance	Electromagnetic environment - guidance				
RF emissions	Group 1	The device uses RF energy only for its internal function.				
CISPR 11		Therefore, its RF emissions are very low and are not likely to				
		cause any interference in nearby electronic equipment.				
RF emissions CISPR 11	Class B	The device is suitable for use in all establishment, including				
Harmonic emissions	Not applicable, active input	domestic establishment and those directly connected to the				
IEC 61000-3-2, Class D	power <50 W	public low-voltage power supply network that supplies				
Voltage fluctuations/ flicker	Not applicable	buildings used for domestic purposes				
emissions IEC 61000-3-3						

Table: Immunity

Guidance and manufacturer's declaration – electromagnetic immunity							
The SONOMED DO	PPLER is intended for	use in the electromagnetic	environment specified below. The customer or the user of the device				
should assure that it i	is used in such an envir		-				
Immunity test	IEC 60601	Compliance level	Electromagnetic environment - guidance				
	Test level						
Electrostatic	±6 kV contact	±6 kV contact	Floors should be wood, concrete or ceramic tile. If floors are				
discharge (ESD) IEC 61000-4-2	±8 kV air	±8 kV air	covered with synthetic material, the relative humidity should be at least 30 $\%$				
Electrical fast transient/burst	±2 kV for power supply lines	<±1 kV for	Occasional false echoes may occur even with mains power quali of a typical commercial or hospital environment				
IEC 61000-4-4	±1 kV for input/output lines	input/output lines					
Surge	±1 kV differential	±1 kV differential	Mains power quality should be that of a typical commercial or				
IEC 61000-4-5	mode	mode	hospital environment				
	±2 kV common mode	±2 kV common mode					
Voltage dips, short interruptions and	<5 % U _t (>95% dip in U _t) for 0.5 cycle	<5 % Ut (>95% dip in Ut) for 0.5 cycle	Mains power quality should be that of a typical commercial or hospital environment				
voltage variations on power supply	40 % U _t (60% dip in U _t) for 5 cycle	40 % U _t (60% dip in U _t) for 5 cycle					
input lines IEC 61000-4-11	70 % Ut 30 % dip in Ut) for 25 cycle	70 % U; 30 % dip in U;) for 25 cycle					
	<5 % Ut (>95% dip in Ut) for 5 sec	<5 % U; (>95% dip in U;) for 5 sec					
Power frequency (50/60 Hz) magnetic field	3 A/m	3 A/m	Power frequency magnetic fields should be at levels characteristic of a typical location in a typical commercial or hospital environment				
IEC 61000-4-8							

Note: Ut is the a.c. mains voltage prior to application of the test level

Table: Immunity in RF-field

Immunity test	IEC 60601	Compliance level	Electromagnetic environment - guidance	
Conducted RF IEC 61000-4-6	Test level 3 Vrms 150 kHz to 80 MHz	3 V	Portable and mobile RF communications equipment should be used no closer to a part of the SONOMED DOPPLER, including cables, than the recommended separation distance calculated from the equation applicable to the frequency of the transmitter.	
			Recommended separation distance:	
Radiated RF IEC 61000-4-3	3 V/m 80 MHz to 2,5 GHz	3 V/m	d = $1, 2 \sqrt{P}$ 80 MHZ to 800 MHZ d = $2, 3 \sqrt{P}$ 800 MHz to $2, 5$ GHz	
			where \mathbf{P} is the maximum output power rating of the transmitter in watts (W) according to the transmitter manufacturer and \mathbf{d} is the recommended separation distance in meters (m).	
			Field strengths from fixed RF transmitters, as determined by an electromagnetic site survey, should be less than the compliance level in each frequency range.	
			Interference may occur in the vicinity of equipment marked with the following symbol:	
			(((•)))	
NOTE 1 At 80 M	IHz and 800 MHz, the	higher frequency	range applies.	
NOTE 2 These g objects and people		ly in all situations.	Electromagnetic propagation is affected by absorption and reflection from structures,	

a) Field strengths from fixed transmitters, such as base stations for radio (cellular/cordless) telephones and land mobile radios, amateur radio, AM and FM radio broadcast and TV broadcast cannot be predicted theoretically with accuracy. To assess the electromagnetic environment due to fixed RF transmitters, an electromagnetic site survey should be considered. If the measured field strength in the location in which the SONOMED DOPPLER is used exceeds the applicable RF compliance level above, the SONOMED DOPPLER should be observed to verify normal operation. If abnormal performance is observed, additional measures may be necessary, such as reprinting or relocating the SONOMED DOPPLER.

Table: Separation distances

Recommended separation distances between portable and							
mobile RF communications equipment and Sonomed DOPPLER							
The device is intended for use in an electromagnetic environment in which radiated RF disturbances are controlled. The customer or the user of the							
device can help preven	device can help prevent electromagnetic interference by maintaining a minimum distance between portable and mobile RF communications						
equipment (transmitters) and the Sonomed DOPPLER as recommended below, according to the maximum output power of the communications							
equipment							
Rated maximum	Separation distance according to frequency of transmitter						
output power	150 kHz to 80 MHz	80 MHz to 800 MHz 800 MHz to 2,5 GHz					
of transmitter		$d = 1, 2 \sqrt{p}$	$d = 2.3 \sqrt{P}$				
W		u 1,2 V P	u 2,5 V P				
0,01	0,12	0,12	0,23				
0,1	0,38	0,38	0,73				
1	1,2	1,2	2,3				
10	3,8	3,8	7,3				
100	12	12	23				

For transmitters rated at a maximum output power not listed above, the recommended separation distance d in meters (m) can be estimated using the equation applicable to the frequency of the transmitter, where P is the maximum output power rating of the transmitter in watts (W) according to the transmitter manufacturer.

NOTE 1 At 80 MHz and 800 MHz, the separation distance for the higher frequency range applies

NOTE 2 These guidelines may not apply in all situations. Electromagnetic propagation is affected by absorption and reflection from structures, objects and people.



Declaration of Conformity EC

no 08/2024/EN

Sonomed Sp. z o. o. 02-389 Warszawa Harfowa 1A / 1B Poland Phone: (4822) 654 15 06 Mail: biuro@sonomed.com.pl

As a Manufacturer of the

SONOMED Doppler Blood Flow Detector MD4, MD4-CW8

BASIC UDI-DI 590487343900M528

Declares under the sole responsibility that According rule 10, MDD 93/42 and Rozporządzenie Ministra Zdrowia dated 5 11 2010; DZ U 215 poz. 1416 with updates is a medical device class IIa.

Device has been designed and manufactured in a way to conform Medical Devices Directive 93/42/EEC, as in Annex II excl. sec 4, and respective European Union harmonized standards

The assessment was done with Notified Body No 2274 (TÜV Nord Polska Sp. z o. o., ul. Mickiewicza 29, 40-095 Katowice, Poland

signed

Warszawa, 24 09 2024

andor-

President Paweł Karłowicz

2274

The device is offered in a dedicated plastic suitcase.

Standard package includes:

- the Doppler unit
- ultrasonic transducer CW5 (for

MD4-CW8: CW8 option FCW8)

- battery charger
- gel
- user manual
- headphones.
- suitcase



MDD Directive 93 / 43 EEC Class IIa

Specification

- Ultrasonic frequency
 - > model MD-4 5 MHz
 - model MD4-CW8 8MHz
- Audio output-loudspeaker >200mW
- Frequency response 300 Hz-6 kHz
- Ultrasound output P_<1MPa, lob<20mW/cm², lspta<100mW/cm²
- Rechargeable battery 3.6V, 1500mAh
- Operating time (continuous) approx. 6 15h
- Charging time 15 h
- Dimensions 170x75x25mm.
- Weight with battery 280 g
- Headphone acoustic output mini jack 3.5

